1	STATE OF NEW HAMPSHIRE
2	PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION
3	13 JUL '17 AM10:17
4	June 22, 2017 - 1:57 p.m.
5	Concord, New Hampshire CONFIDENTIAL & PROPRIETARY
6	
7	RE: DE 16-822 EVERSOURCE ENERGY:
8	2017 Default Service. (Hearing on Mid-Year Adjustment)
9	
10	
11	PRESENT: Chairman Martin P. Honigberg, Presiding
12	Commissioner Kathryn M. Bailey
13	Sandy Deno, Clerk
14	APPEARANCES: Reptg. Public Service Company of
15	New Hampshire d/b/a Eversource Energy: Matthew J. Fossum
16	Reptg. Residential Ratepayers:
17	D. Maurice Kreis, Esq., Consumer Adv. Office of Consumer Advocate
18	Reptg. PUC Staff:
19	Suzanne G. Amidon, Esq. Thomas Frantz, Director/Electric Div.
20	Richard Chagnon, Electric Division
21	
22	Court Reporter: Steven E. Patnaude, LCR No. 52
23	
24	CONFIDENTIAL & PROPRIETARY



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2		EXHIBITS	
3	EXHIBIT NO.	DESCRIPTION PAGE	E NO.
4	4	Eversource Preliminary Mid-Year Adjustment filing, including	5
5		the Testimony of Christopher J. Goulding, with attachments;	
6		Joint Technical Statement of C. Goulding and D. Ludwig;	
7		Testimony of Daniel J. Ludwig, with attachments (05-09-17)	
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10		F. White, with updated attachments (06-16-17)	
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22		- -	
23			
24			

1	PROCEEDING
2	CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Good afternoon.
3	We're here in Docket 16-822, which is
4	Eversource's Energy Service rate docket.
5	Before we do anything else, let's
6	take appearances.
7	MR. FOSSUM: Good afternoon,
8	Commissioners. Matthew Fossum here for Public
9	Service Company of New Hampshire doing business
10	as Eversource Energy.
11	MR. KREIS: Good afternoon, Mr.
12	Chairman, Commissioner Bailey. I'm D. Maurice
13	Kreis, the Consumer Advocate, here on behalf of
14	residential utility customers.
15	MS. AMIDON: Good afternoon. Suzanne
16	Amidon, for Commission Staff. And with me is
17	Tom Frantz, the director of the Electric
18	Division, and Rich Chagnon, who is an Analyst
19	in that Division.
20	CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: All right. I
21	see witnesses are prepositioned in the witness
22	box. Anything we need to do before we start
23	with the witnesses, Mr. Fossum?
24	MR. FOSSUM: We have, similar to the

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1
         other docket this afternoon, we have premarked
 2
         for identification a couple of exhibits. I can
 3
         read off now.
                   What has been premarked for
 4
 5
         identification as "Exhibit 4" is the Eversource
         May 9th filing. What has been premarked for
 6
 7
         identification as "Exhibit 5" is Eversource's
         June 16th filing. And what has been premarked
 8
         for identification as "Exhibit 6" is the "bingo
9
10
         sheet" rate exhibit.
11
                    Those are the premarks that I have.
12
                         (The documents, as described,
13
                         were herewith marked as
14
                         Exhibit 4, Exhibit 5, and
15
                         Exhibit 6, respectively, for
16
                         identification.)
17
                   CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Ms. Amidon, do
18
         you want to premark the ones you've handed up
19
         or do you just want to wait till it's time for
20
         you to do your thing?
21
                   MS. AMIDON: We can premark them.
22
         Exhibit -- the answer to Data Request 4-6 is
23
         "Exhibit 1" -- I mean, is my first exhibit, is
24
         "Exhibit 7". Sorry about that.
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CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Yes.
 1
                   MS. AMIDON: Okay. Staff 4-2 is
 2
         "Exhibit 8". And Staff 4-8, which is a
 3
         confidential one, is "Exhibit 9".
 4
 5
                   Thank you.
                   CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Off the record.
 6
 7
                         [Brief off-the-record discussion
                         ensued.]
 8
                         (The documents, as described,
9
10
                         were herewith marked as
                         Exhibit 7, Exhibit 8, and
11
12
                         Exhibit 9, respectively, for
13
                         identification.)
14
                   CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: All right. Mr.
15
         Patnaude.
16
                         (Whereupon Christopher J.
17
                         Goulding, Daniel J. Ludwig, and
18
                         Frederick B. White were duly
19
                         sworn by the Court Reporter.)
20
                   CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Mr. Fossum.
21
                   MR. FOSSUM: Thank you.
22
               CHRISTOPHER J. GOULDING, SWORN
23
                   DANIEL J. LUDWIG, SWORN
24
                  FREDERICK B. WHITE, SWORN
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DIRECT EXAMINATION

BY MR. FOSSUM:

1

- 3 Q. We'll work our way down the line. Mr.
- Goulding, if you could please state your name,
- 5 your place of employment, and your
- 6 responsibilities for the record in this docket
- 7 please.
- 8 A. (Goulding) My name is Christopher Goulding.
- 9 work for Eversource Energy Company. I'm
- 10 located in Manchester, New Hampshire. I'm the
- 11 Manager of New Hampshire Revenue Requirements.
- 12 And, in my capacity, I'm in charge of the
- implementation and coordination of all revenue
- 14 requirement calculations associated with the
- 15 Stranded Cost Recovery Charge, Transmission
- 16 Cost Adjustment Mechanism, Energy Service rate,
- 17 Alternative Default Energy rate, and
- 18 distribution rate changes.
- 19 Q. And, Mr. Ludwig, could you also please state
- your name, your place of employment, and your
- 21 responsibilities for the record please.
- 22 A. (Ludwig) My name is Daniel Ludwig. I am
- employed by Eversource Energy, in Westwood,
- 24 Massachusetts. I'm a Team Lead in the Sales

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and Revenue Forecasting Group. And my
responsibilities include demand forecasting,
revenue projection, and economic analysis for
multiple operating companies within Eversource
Energy.
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- Q. And, Mr. White, if you could please state your name, your place of employment, and responsibilities please.
- (White) My name is Frederick White. 9 10 employed by Eversource Service Company, in 11 Berlin, Connecticut. I'm a Supervisor in the 12 Electric Supply Department. My primary 13 responsibilities involve the analysis of the 14 portfolio of loads and resources utilized to 15 serve Energy Service customers in New Hampshire 16 for calculation of rates and reconciliation of 17 costs.
 - Q. Mr. Goulding, back on May 9th, did you submit prefiled testimony in this matter in what has been marked for identification as "Exhibit 4"?
- 21 A. (Goulding) Yes.

7

8

18

19

- Q. And was that testimony prepared by you or at your direction?
- 24 A. (Goulding) Yes.

- 1 Q. And do you have any changes or updates to that
- 2 testimony today?
- 3 A. (Goulding) No.
- 4 Q. And do you adopt that testimony as your sworn
- 5 testimony today?
- 6 A. (Goulding) I do.
- 7 Q. And I'll just stick with you for right now.
- 8 Did you also, Mr. Goulding, on June 16th,
- 9 submit a technical statement and schedules in
- 10 what has been premarked as "Exhibit 5" for
- 11 identification?
- 12 A. (Goulding) Yes.
- 13 Q. And was that prepared by you or at your
- 14 direction?
- 15 A. (Goulding) Yes, it was.
- 16 Q. And do you have any changes or updates to that
- 17 today?
- 18 A. (Goulding) No.
- 19 Q. And do you adopt that information as your sworn
- 20 testimony today?
- 21 A. (Goulding) Yes.
- 22 Q. Mr. Ludwig, did you, back on May 9th, submit
- 23 testimony in what has been premarked for
- 24 Exhibit -- premarked for identification as

- 1 "Exhibit 4"?
- 2 A. (Ludwig) Yes.
- 3 Q. And that testimony, was that prepared by you or
- 4 at your direction?
- 5 A. (Ludwig) Yes.
- 6 Q. And do you have any changes or updates to that
- 7 testimony today?
- 8 A. (Ludwig) I do not.
- 9 Q. And do you adopt that testimony as your sworn
- 10 testimony today?
- 11 A. (Ludwig) I do.
- 12 Q. And, Mr. White, did you, back on May 9th, also
- submit testimony in what has been premarked for
- identification as "Exhibit 4"?
- 15 A. (White) Yes.
- 16 Q. And that testimony, was that prepared by you or
- 17 at your direction?
- 18 A. (White) Yes, it was.
- 19 Q. And do you have any changes or updates to that
- 20 testimony?
- 21 A. (White) No.
- 22 Q. And do you adopt that testimony as your sworn
- 23 testimony today?
- 24 A. (White) Yes.

[WITNESS PANEL: Goulding~Ludwig~White]

- 1 Q. And, Mr. White, on June 16th, did you submit, 2 in what has been premarked for identification 3 as "Exhibit 5", a technical statement and schedules? 4
- 5 Α. (White) Yes.
- 6 And those schedules, were those prepared by you Q. 7 or at your -- or, that technical statement and those schedules, were those prepared by you or 8 9 at your direction?
- 10 (White) Yes. Α.
- 11 And do you have any changes or updates to that? 0.
- 12 (White) I do not. Α.
- 13 And do adopt that as your sworn testimony? Q.
- 14 (White) Yes.

- 15 Returning to Mr. Goulding, if you could please Q. 16 explain, and probably with reference to what 17 has been marked as "Exhibit 5, where 18 appropriate, what it is that the Company is 19 seeking in this proceeding.
- 20 Α. (Goulding) So, in this proceeding, the Company 21 is requesting that the proposed -- or, that the 22 current Energy Service rate, I'll say the 23 "current non-Scrubber Energy Service rate", be increased from 9.45 cents to 9.94 cents. With

the Scrubber added on, the Scrubber temporary rate of 1.72 cents, that will be a change from the current all-in Energy Service rate of 11.17 cents to 11.66 cents.

And the key drivers of that increase in the Energy Service rate of 0.49 cents is due to increased migration during the actual winter period.

- Q. Mr. Goulding, turning to what has been marked for identification as "Exhibit 6", could you please explain what is shown on that exhibit relative to this proceeding.
- A. (Goulding) Yes. So, Page 1 of this exhibit is a calculation of a average 600 kilowatt-hour residential customer. And, if we go down about two-thirds of the way down the bill [page?], you see the line that says "Energy Service". So, we have the January 1st rates, a current 600 kilowatt-hour usage customer would pay \$67.02 for Energy Service. Under the proposed rates for July 1st, they would pay \$69.96, which is an increase of \$2.94, or a 2.4 percent change as a percent of the total bill.

Turning to Page 2, this page is actually

```
1
         not applicable to the Energy Service, because
 2
         it excludes Energy Service. So, we can ignore
 3
         that one.
 4
              And then, turning to Page 3, it's the
 5
         impact on the total bill. If we look at the
 6
         "Total" line for Energy Service, you'll see
 7
         there's a 2.7 percent change in total bills due
         to the Energy Service change for customers
 8
9
         taking Energy Service.
10
         Thank you. Is it your position, the Company's
    Q.
11
         position, that the rate proposal that is being
12
         made here is just and reasonable?
13
         (Goulding) Yes, it is.
    Α.
14
         And that you would request that the Commission
    Q.
15
         approve it as just and reasonable?
16
    Α.
         (Goulding) Yes.
17
                   MR. FOSSUM: And that's what I have
18
         for direct.
19
                   CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Mr. Kreis.
20
                   MR. KREIS: Thank you. Good
21
         afternoon, honorable Eversource witnesses.
22
         just have a few questions, very few.
23
                      CROSS-EXAMINATION
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24

BY MR. KREIS:

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I'm looking at Exhibit 5, which is the
 1
    Q.
 2
         June 16th filing. I note that the migration
 3
         forecast changed slightly from May 9th to
 4
         June 16th, so that Eversource is projecting
 5
         slightly less migration, if I'm understanding
 6
         that correctly. And I'm wondering what
 7
         accounts for the change in the forecasts?
         (Ludwig) Yes. So, if you're on Exhibit 5, on
 8
    Α.
9
         Page 2, really, the driver behind this slightly
10
         lower forecast is the lower actual migration
11
         results that we saw in April and May, compared
12
         to what we originally had forecasted in May.
13
         So, the actual two most recent months have come
14
         in lower than forecasted. So, the forecast is
15
         almost starting from a slightly lower point,
16
         which resulted in the slightly lower migration
17
         forecast for the remainder of the year.
18
    Q.
         And, so, therefore, what accounts for the
19
         actual results that were different than what
20
         you had forecast?
21
         (Ludwig) That's hard to explain. The customer
22
         decision whether or not to migrate is -- can be
23
         influenced by price. But, at the end of the
24
         day, we do not know entirely what causes
```

[WITNESS PANEL: Goulding~Ludwig~White]

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customer migration for our individual
customers.
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- Q. So, you began your answer by saying "it's difficult to explain", but then the rest of your answer suggests that maybe it's impossible to explain?
- A. (Ludwig) We do our best to explain it by
 changes in what we the forward electricity
 prices. But that's really all the information
 we have, as far as what's going on with the
 forward electricity market. And that's what
 our forecast is attempting to do is model that
 relationship.
- 14 Q. Given the adage that "No forecast is ever perfect" --
- 16 A. (Ludwig) Yes.

3

4

5

- 17 Q. -- or that "All forecasts are wrong", I

 18 quess, --
- 19 A. (Ludwig) Yes.
- 20 Q. -- are you satisfied with the degree of
 21 precision that you're able to achieve in terms
 22 of the way you forecast these?
- 23 A. (Ludwig) Yes. So, I have been satisfied. I
 24 looked at my previous five forecasts, and the

average monthly error was in plus or minus

one percent. So, this is -- migration is a

very challenging thing to forecast. And it's a

customer behavior. We're really working with

incomplete information. And we're doing our

best to forecast it.

- Q. And you don't have a crystal ball?
- A. (Ludwig) And I do not have a crystal ball.
 - Q. As a matter of fact, though, I do. So, you're welcome to come by my office any time and borrow it, if you would like.

I want to just briefly ask, I think,

Mr. Goulding to take a look at Page 8 of that
same Exhibit 5. Again, this is the June 16th
filing. And, if you look at Page 8, the very
last two lines of that page, which is

Attachment CJG-2, Page 3, have to do -- those
last two lines have to do with capacity. Could
you just, in an effort to dispel my ignorance,
just take me through those two lines and
explain what they mean to me?

- 22 A. (White) I'll provide an answer for that.
- 23 Q. Perfect.

24 A. (White) That is a representation of the PSNH

[WITNESS PANEL: Goulding~Ludwig~White]

```
1
        net position in the capacity market.
2
        negative numbers on Line 52 represent the
3
        amount of megawatts that PSNH has surplus to
4
        its capacity obligation at ISO-New England.
5
        And those settle at a Forward Capacity Market
6
        rate generating net revenues into the PSNH
7
        portfolio. And Line 53 are those revenues, in
8
        thousands of dollars.
```

- Q. Aha. Okay. So, Line 52 is a number in megawatt-months, and Line 53 is dollars, and they are both the same thing, just expressed in megawatt-months or dollars?
- 13 A. (White) Correct.

9

10

11

- Q. And PSNH is always surplus when it comes to capacity?
- A. (White) It's dependent on the migration amount.

 For some time now, probably last year, there

 was a point in time where we were not long.

 But you can see every month, in actual 2017 and

 as we forecasted, we do expect to be long in

 the capacity market.
- Q. Super. Mr. Goulding, if I ask you the same questions, they would be the same answers?
- 24 A. (Goulding) They would be, but not as detailed

[WITNESS PANEL: Goulding~Ludwig~White]

1 as that.

MR. KREIS: Great. Thank you. Those

3 are all the questions I have.

4 CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Ms. Amidon.

5 MS. AMIDON: Thank you.

6 BY MS. AMIDON:

- 7 Q. Mr. Ludwig, since we just talked about customer
- 8 migration, in that -- on that Page 2 of
- 9 Exhibit 5, are the percentages referring to
- 10 customer count or load, in terms of --
- 11 A. (Ludwig) Those are load.
- 12 Q. Load. Okay.
- 13 A. (Ludwig) Yes.
- 14 Q. Thank you. Mr. Goulding, I want to go back to
- Exhibit 4, which is the May 9th filing. And,
- if you could turn your attention to Bates
- 17 number 014, Section G.
- 18 A. (Goulding) okay. I'm there.
- 19 Q. All right. So, in this section, you say that
- the "under recovery increased by 6.5...compared
- 21 to a forecast of 4.5". So, what -- it
- increased by six and a half million?
- 23 A. (Goulding) Yes.
- 24 Q. So, what is the under recovery depicted in this

- 1 sentence? I mean, I think you have it --
- 2 A. (Goulding) The total under recovery would be \$14.2 million.
- 4 Q. Okay.
- A. (Goulding) Because our forecast from the

 December filing was \$7.7 million, and the one

 in this filing should be 14.2 million.
- 8 Q. Okay. And if we look at Exhibit 6, Page 4, the same item.
- 10 CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Exhibit 5?
- MS. AMIDON: Thank you. Exhibit 5,
- 12 thank you.
- 13 BY MS. AMIDON:
- 14 Q. Are you there?
- 15 A. (Goulding) Yes.
- 16 Q. Okay. So, what this says is that the "under
- 17 recovery decreased by 3.4 million due to the
- 18 removal of the amount of associated with the
- CSL Settlement". So, what is the under
- 20 recovery estimated to be in this filing, this
- June 16th filing?
- 22 A. (Goulding) 10.7 million.
- 23 Q. And what are the causes of the under recovery?
- Is it migration?

[WITNESS PANEL: Goulding~Ludwig~White]

- 1 A. (Goulding) Of the 2016 under recovery?
- 2 Q. Yes.
- 3 (Goulding) A portion of it is migration and Α. energy prices. If you're going to compare what 4 5 we had forecasted from back in December for the December 31st, 2016 under recovery of 6 7 7.7 million, there was a -- there was a few different primary drivers I can speak to. 8 There was the CSL Rail Settlement of 9 10 \$3.4 million, which we just discussed, that was
- 12 Q. Uh-huh.

11

13 A. (Goulding) There was higher energy cost over
14 forecast of about \$1.2 million. There was a
15 change in RPS expense, actually, it was a
16 timing issue with our RPS expense. It was
17 included in 2017, instead of '16. That was
18 about \$2 million. And then there was
19 \$4.6 million of lower revenues than forecast.

not included in the June filing.

- 20 Q. Thank you.
- 21 A. (Goulding) Oh, excuse me. And then one last
 22 one is we -- there was the incorporation of the
 23 \$800,000 from the Settlement in DE 16-542.
- 24 Q. Yes. Thank you. On that, on Exhibit -- going

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back to Exhibit 4, Page 13, Line 13, could you

just explain what this $1.2 million return on

rate base is due to?
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- A. (Goulding) Sure. So, as -- the return on rate base is calculated on Page 6 of our exhibit, and there was an increase in the fore -- or, an increase in the actual inventory value over our forecasted inventory value from our December filing. So, due to the increased inventory values, there was a return that's computed on that inventory value for carrying the inventory on our books.
- Q. And, so, that's coal, right? Or is it?
- A. (Goulding) I'm sure coal was a portion of it.

 I don't know the split between coal or wood.

 But I'm guessing, if I had to make an educated guess, I would say it's mostly coal.
- 18 Q. So, just fossil fuels?
- 19 A. (Goulding) Yes.

Q. Okay. Thank you. Then, I wanted to ask you a question about what has been premarked as

"Exhibit 7", which is a response to Staff Data
Request 4-6. Do you have that or would you
like a copy? I believe this question is for

```
1
         you, Mr. White. So, --
 2
    Α.
         (White) Yes. I have it.
 3
         Okay. So, if you recall, I asked you this
    Q.
         question at a technical session, because I did
 4
 5
         not understand the underlying transaction that
         led to this $1.1 million. Would you please,
 6
 7
         for the record, explain it for the Commission.
         (White) Sure. In 2000 -- December of 2014, we
 8
    Α.
9
         entered into a rail -- railroad transportation
10
         contract, to move coal from the northern
11
         Appalachian Region to the Merrimack Station.
12
         The contract was for calendar years 2015 and
13
         '16, to move 400,000 tons each year. And,
14
         through operation of the contract, we only
15
         moved 690,000 tons. So, there were
16
         110,000 tons of that contract that were not
17
         utilized. The contract had a minimum charge
18
         clause, which equated to $10 a ton. So, the
19
         $10 a ton on the 110,000 roughly that we did
20
         not utilize the railroad resulted in a
21
         $1.1 million charge.
22
              To put those volumes in perspective, in
         calendar years 2012, '13, and '14, we burned
23
24
         approximately 500,000 tons a year at Merrimack
```

Station. And, if you recall, that was the period of time recently following the winter gas constraint issues, where there were concerns about the security of the energy system, and the price of energy in the winter periods went quite high. I guess the point here is that contracting for 400,000 tons in the two years succeeding that period was a reasonable amount to have contracted for, given the recent experience in quantities burned.

And, in fact, we already had in place a contract for the coal commodity of 700,000 tons leading into that period. So, the railroad contract was essentially very close to back-to-back with the commodity contract to get that coal moved to Merrimack Station.

If you take the \$1.1 million charge, and if you convert the \$110,000 -- 110,000 tons of coal, that's roughly 275 gigawatt-hours of generation equivalence. So, the 1.1 million, if we had burned coal, and then brought the coal into the station to replace what we burned, the penalty is equivalent to about \$4.00 a megawatt-hour. In the years when this

[WITNESS PANEL: Goulding~Ludwig~White]

contract was in operation, energy prices
dropped to, on average around the clock, of
around \$30 a megawatt-hour. And, if our coal
dispatch from Merrimack is about \$50 a
megawatt-hour, if we had burned coal to make
room to bring this coal in, that would have
been about a \$20 a megawatt-hour loss, compared
to the \$4.00 megawatt-hour equivalent of the
penalty in the contract.

So, that's kind of the context of what this was all about. It was -- the 1.1 million is the operation of a coal contract, our railroad delivery contract that we entered into back in December of '14.

- Q. Thank you. What is the capacity of the coal yard at Merrimack?
- 17 A. (White) Roughly 700,000 tons.

- 18 Q. And do you know what the inventory was at the close of 2016?
 - A. (White) At close of '16, it was 670,000 tons, I believe. In December of '14, when we entered into that contract, we had 370,000 tons on-site. And, in those winters I spoke to, where we had cold weather, and, you know, the

polar vortex, and we may all recall that, we burned, just in the winter months at Merrimack, over 300,000 tons in those winters. So, if we had gotten another winter like we've had recently back then, all the coal that was on-site we expected we could well utilize in that first winter leading into this delivery contract. So, this was replacement coal to have fuel on site over the next few years. A continuation of the logistical coal scheduling that we've gone through for many, many years.

- Q. Thank you. And, Mr. Goulding, I asked premarked for identification Staff response -- I mean, the Company's response to Staff 4-2, which relates to the Scrubber. Do you have that in front of you?
- A. (Goulding) I do.

Q. Okay. While I can't follow a lot of the calculations that are contained in this document, my principal question is, has that temporary rate achieved what was anticipated at the time of the -- the time it was approved, which is it would recover the deferral over a period of seven years? Has that -- what has

A. (Goulding) So, it's not fully recovering, it's supposed to be recovering roughly \$17.6 million a year. So, for example, December 31st, 2016, the deferral balance should have been down to

that actually turned out to be thus far?

6 \$109.6 million. And our actual deferral

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And, then, if we go to forecasting out to what this December 31st will look like in 2017, we're forecasting out that we'll be at \$101.5 million, and the amortization would have assumed that we would be at \$95.9 million. So, it's short \$5.6 million.

- Q. So, it continues to lag, in terms of the recovery?
- 17 A. (Goulding) Yes.
- 18 Q. And is that due to sales?
- 19 A. (Goulding) It's due to the sales, yes. They're
 20 coming in lower, when we forecasted at the time
 21 we -- the setting of the temporary rate, we
 22 would have had a higher sales volume for Energy
 23 Service customers.
 - Q. Okay. Thank you. If you go to Page 1 of 8 of

```
Exhibit 8, Item 10 there, it says "Under Recovery before Carrying Costs". Do you recover carrying costs on the Scrubber?
```

- A. (Goulding) On the Scrubber deferral, we don't, effective when the rate went into the temporary rate was approved, I think back in January 1st, 2016, it's my understanding that part of the Settlement Agreement, maybe not explicitly written in the Settlement Agreement, was that the Company would cease collecting carrying charge on the Scrubber deferral.
- Q. Okay. So, is it under recovery -- why does it say "before carrying costs"?
- A. (Goulding) I think that's just a legacy. It
 was from previously, from when we had prepared
 the schedules in the past when it did include
 carrying costs.
- 18 Q. Okay.

19 A. (Goulding) If you want to just quickly flip to
20 Page 4 of this, of the Attachment Staff 4-002,
21 you'll see we have -- I'll wait for everyone to
22 get there. You have Line 1 "Scrubber Costs",
23 Line 2 "Scrubber Revenues", and then you have
24 the differential between the Scrubber revenues

```
and costs, then you have the current deferral,
but there's no calculation for carrying charge.

And it gets you to a December balance of 112 --

"112.872 million".
```

- Q. Okay. Is that something that you might want to address in subsequent filings and make it clear to the reader?
- 8 A. (Goulding) Okay.

6

7

21

- 9 Q. Okay. Thank you. And, Mr. White, I believe
 10 this one is for you. It's Exhibit 5, Page 4,
 11 Item 7, the "RPS expense decreased due to
 12 decreases in REC prices". Is this for all
 13 classes?
- 14 A. (White) Effectively, yes. Although Class IV

 15 increased 50 cents a REC, but Classes I, II,

 16 and III all decreased much larger amounts.

 17 I'll give you some figures: Class I decreased

 18 over \$7.00 a REC; Class II decreased 22 and a

 19 half dollars; and Class III decreased by 12 and

 20 a half dollars.
 - Q. And this is what -- this is the market price, is that right? The market prices decreased?
- A. (White) That's correct. Off of the REC broker trading sheets, daily trading sheets.

```
1 Q. Thank you. And is the Northern Power Project
```

- 2 affected by the decrease in REC prices?
- 3 A. (White) I don't think I can answer that.
- 4 Q. Okay.
- 5 A. (White) I'm not familiar enough -- oh, I'm
- 6 sorry.
- 7 Q. Schiller.
- 8 A. (White) I heard "Northern Pass".
- 9 Q. Is that what I said? It could be.
- 10 CMSR. BAILEY: No.
- MS. AMIDON: It could be. It's on my
- 12 brain.
- 13 CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: No. There's a
- lot of the people in the room who have Northern
- 15 Pass on the brain. So, --
- 16 BY MS. AMIDON:
- 17 Q. Northern Power Project, which is Schiller 5,
- 18 right?
- 19 A. (White) Yes.
- 20 Q. Okay.
- 21 A. (White) Yes, they are impacted. The Sharing
- 22 Agreement between customers and shareholders
- 23 REC revenues from the Class I RECs produced by
- 24 that Project flow through the Sharing

```
[WITNESS PANEL: Goulding~Ludwig~White]
```

- Agreement. So, a decrease in REC value lowers
 the revenue-sharing amounts.
- 3 Q. Okay. That's what I wanted to get to.
- 4 A. (White) Sorry.
- Q. And I apologize if I misspoke. I don't know,it's highly likely.
- My next question is also for you,

 Mr. White. If we would go to Exhibit 5,

 Page 7, which has the estimate for the year-end

 in that document. Are you there?
- 11 A. (White) Yes.
- 12 Q. Okay. So, Line 22 is "Burgess Biopower".
- 13 A. (White) Yes.
- Q. And, if we go to the total estimated purchases, and I understand this is for energy and capacity, it's 36 million?
- 17 A. (White) Correct.

24

- 18 Q. Okay. And do you know roughly what portion of that 36 million is over market?
- 20 A. (White) Yes. This may be confidential
 21 information, in our reading of the contract.
 22 Our estimate for 2017 would be that the energy
 23 portion of the contract is out of the market by

{DE 16-822} [CONFIDENTIAL & PROPRIETARY] {06-22-17}

over 18 million. The capacity portion is

```
1
         actually in the money by a little less than a
 2
         million.
 3
         Okay.
    Q.
 4
         (White) So, together, between -- under
    Α.
 5
         18 million, between 17 and 18.
         Okay. Thank you. And do you have the response
 6
    Q.
 7
         to Data Request 4-8, which is a confidential
         response?
 8
9
         (White) Yes.
    Α.
10
                   MS. AMIDON: Okay. So, if we're
11
         going to talk about this, I presume we have to
12
         go on confidential record?
                    CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: I think we
13
14
         already had to because of the last answer
15
         Mr. White gave.
16
                   MS. AMIDON: Yes.
17
                    CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: But I do have a
18
         question before you ask questions about
19
         Exhibit 8 -- or, Exhibit 9 specifically.
20
                    Is a motion required by the Company
21
         to get confidential treatment for this? I know
```

then I think doesn't the rule also then say

it was filed as a discovery response under the

rule that says that we can claim it there. But

22

23

```
1
         that a motion has to be filed?
 2
                   Mr. Fossum.
 3
                   MR. FOSSUM: The particular citation
         or the reference that we made is to the rule
 4
 5
         that does not require a motion. Under that
 6
         rule, it's presumed to be confidential until
 7
         somebody seeks to make it nonconfidential. At
         which time, we're given the opportunity then to
 8
9
         respond formally and make a formal request, if
10
         one is necessary. But, basically, no filing is
11
         triggered until somebody seeks to make it
12
         nonconfidential.
13
                   CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Mr. Kreis, Ms.
14
         Amidon, is that consistent with your
15
         understanding?
16
                   MS. AMIDON: I'll let Mr. Kreis go
17
         first.
18
                   MR. KREIS: It would help me if I
19
         understood why this information is
20
         confidential.
21
                   CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Well, let's --
22
         we're not quite there yet.
23
                   Commissioner Bailey, you have a
24
         question?
```

```
1
                   CMSR. BAILEY: Mr. Fossum, doesn't
 2
         that procedure apply to "routine" information
 3
         that's filed?
 4
                   MR. FOSSUM: It does. And Energy
 5
         Service/Default Service proceedings are one of
 6
         the routine proceedings that are covered in
 7
         there. This has to go with -- this is a
         discovery response relating to prices that are
 8
9
         paid under there. And we have actually --
10
         we've answered similar questions previously and
11
         treated them similarly. So, that's essentially
         been how I think we have responded to this in
12
13
         the past.
14
                   CMSR. BAILEY: I think that's true
15
         for discovery, is that it gets held until
16
         somebody asks to see it, and then we rule on
17
         it. But, when it becomes part of the record,
18
         is your argument that this is a "routine
19
         filing"?
20
                   MR. FOSSUM: Well, I mean, this is a
21
         piece of discovery, and, as far as I
22
         understand, it's not part of the record yet.
23
         But, as discovery, it was part of a routine
24
         filing, yes.
```

1 CMSR. BAILEY: Okay. CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Ms. Amidon. 2 3 MS. AMIDON: You know, and I would 4 arque that it's not a routine Energy Service 5 filing type of information, because that's 6 contemplated to protect wholesale prices, the 7 names of bidders who fail to win the bid, the weighting of the results of those bids with 8 9 market prices selected by the Company. 10 And I reviewed the contract, the 11 underlying contract with -- between Laidlaw and 12 PSNH, and I don't -- I do believe I would need 13 to see an argument that it was confidential for 14 me to agree that it is confidential, because I 15 think it does relate to the work the Commission 16 is doing in connection with this contract. 17 CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Mr. Kreis, you 18 want to say something? 19 MR. KREIS: Yes. I would agree with 20 what I just heard Ms. Amidon say on behalf of 21 Staff. I do not have my copy of the rules in 22 front of me, but I guess I have a difficult 23 time believing that information that's 24 introduced into evidence in a formal hearing

like this one falls under the rule that governs routine filings by utilities.

CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Well, there certainly are things that come in, I think a default service solicitation is one of those things that does become an exhibit, it comes in during the hearing on the merits, but is covered by that rule. That's my understanding of it anyway, and actually I also don't have the rules in front of me. I mean, and, actually, I don't think I've seen this -- an analogous situation happen yet in front of me. So, I'm not -- my instinct tells me that I'm going to agree with Ms. Amidon, and I'm not sure yet.

Ms. Amidon, do you --

MS. AMIDON: Yes. Mr. Frantz reminds me that, you know, this is a case about setting the Energy Service rate between, you know, from July through December this year. And this, you know, the over priced power purchase from Burgess Biopower goes into the calculation of rates, and the Cumulative Reduction Factor is a companion piece to that. It may not go into

```
1
         the calculation of rates, but it does impact
 2
         ratepayers. So, I have a -- I just disagree
         that this is confidential.
 3
 4
                   CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: That's a
 5
         substantive agreement about whether it is
 6
         confidential, right?
 7
                   MS. AMIDON: Yes.
                   CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: I am still hung
 8
9
         up on the process at this point. But there may
10
         well be a -- there may well be a way out of
11
         this.
                   Mr. Fossum, do you have any further
12
13
         thoughts on this?
14
                   MR. FOSSUM: Well, I mean, I do have
15
         the rule in front of me, 2 --
16
                   CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: The internet is
17
         a wonderful thing.
18
                   MR. FOSSUM: It is fantastic. You
19
         know, 201.06(a)(15) provides that "In default
20
         service proceedings", and then there's a series
21
         of documents that are listed as being
         confidential as part of one of those routine
22
23
         filings. In that list it includes things like
24
         "commodity and fuel pricing", which seems to be
```

exactly what this is. And that is under

Item h. Item p. there in that list

specifically calls out "Responses to data

requests related to Items a. through o. above."

So, we have treated this as confidential. We have -- because we believe that it is. I would also note that, as Mr. White hinted at, that it is -- it's our reading of the contract that requires us to seek it to remain confidential. And, so, that's what we have done.

CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Yes. I think
the way out of this for today is that -- is
that we're going to treat it as confidential
for now. I think we're going to ask the
Parties to confer following the hearing, and
they will either enter into a stipulation
regarding how it gets treated, or it may be
that you're going to need to file something to
keep it confidential going forward. But it
will be confidential until we resolve the
question, and we'll deal with it as
confidential for the remainder of this hearing,
and on the transcript, until the issue gets

resolved.

Does that work for everyone?

MS. AMIDON: Yes. But I'd like to make one final note. Which is, the contract between PSNH and Laidlaw, which was the original purchase agreement, was made completely redacted and a public document by the Commission back at that time. And I disagree with Mr. White that the over-market costs are confidential, because the contract specifies what the energy price is. That's public. The energy price, at any point in time, is public. Any person could make that calculation. So, I don't believe that that aspect of this is confidential. And I just wanted to go on the record on that point.

CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Okay. Mr.

Kreis?

MR. KREIS: Mr. Chairman, I love what you ruled before Ms. Amidon spoke, and I understood that to be that it isn't necessary to take a position at this time, because either the Parties are going to resolve this issue by stipulation, or we might need to make a filing,

```
1
         at which point I am highly likely to agree with
 2
         what I just heard Ms. Amidon say.
 3
                   CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Yes. But I
 4
         think we're lucky in that there's no members of
 5
         the public here. We're in a situation where we
 6
         don't have to resolve it. We can deal with it
 7
         after-the-fact, and without prejudicing
         anybody's rights. And, Ms. Amidon, you'll be
 8
9
         able to make the arguments that you want to
10
         make. And, Mr. Fossum, you'll be able to make
11
         the arguments you want to make. And maybe
         you'll convince each other and it will get
12
13
         resolved that way. And, if not, we'll resolve
14
         it.
15
                   MS. AMIDON: I may let Mr. Kreis make
16
         the arguments, because he does a good job at
17
         that.
18
                   CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Mr. Kreis is
19
         here by himself today, and he pointed that out
20
         to us in the earlier one. Yes, I feel your
         pain, Mr. Kreis, because we're operating a man
21
22
         down up here, too, so --
23
                   MR. KREIS: It is something to be
24
         outnumbered 11 to 1 by a utility with business
```

```
1
         at the Commission. But that notwithstanding, I
 2
         relish the opportunity, the former journalist
 3
         in me relishes the opportunity to make a robust
         argument about confidentiality.
 4
 5
                   CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: I'm optimistic
 6
         that, when you all sit down and talk with each
         other calmly and coolly, we'll work our way
 7
         through this.
 8
                   Ms. Amidon, you have questions about
9
10
         this exhibit?
11
                   MS. AMIDON: Yes. Yes. Yes, I do.
12
    BY MS. AMIDON:
13
    Q.
         Mr. White, can you tell us what the "Cumulative
14
         Reduction Fund" is and why it's part of this
15
         contract?
16
    Α.
         (White) The "Cumulative Reduction Fund" is the
17
         accumulation of the over and under energy
18
         market purchases from the contract. So, it's a
19
         plus and minus sum throughout the life of the
20
         deal, of the contract price versus the
21
         day-ahead LMPs at the Burgess node, where they
         deliver power onto the ISO-New England system.
22
23
         What happens when the Cumulative Reduction Fund
    Q.
24
         reaches $100 million?
```

```
[WITNESS PANEL: Goulding~Ludwig~White]
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- A. (White) If at the end of a contract year there
 is an amount over 100 million, the amount over
 that figure is -- it's utilized as a discount
- against energy payments in the following contract year.
- Q. And, if I look at your response here, you say
 "through the end of April 2017, the CRF was at
 \$52.3 million", right?
- 9 A. (White) Correct.
- 10 Q. And how many years is that into the contract?
- 11 A. (White) Oh. Well, --
- 12 Q. Roughly?
- 13 A. (White) Yes. November of '13. So, '14, '15, '16, three and a half years.
- Q. Okay. And, according to this, in year seven, month five, April 2020, you would expect the CRF to reach that \$100 million mark, is that right?
- A. (White) Well, that's a forecast. A current projection, utilizing current forward market prices.
- 22 Q. Right. So, it could be sooner?
- A. (White) Could be later. Yes. It's just a snapshot in time, if you will.

[WITNESS PANEL: Goulding~Ludwig~White]

```
1 Q. Okay.
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2 CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: I think we've

3 already established that all forecasts are

4 wrong. We just don't know in what direction or

5 by how much. I think we got that from

6 Mr. Kreis earlier.

7 MS. AMIDON: Thank you. I have no

8 further questions. Thank you.

9 CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Commissioner

10 Bailey.

11 BY CMSR. BAILEY:

- 12 Q. Mr. Goulding, you said that the primary driver
- for the increase in this rate is due to the
- increase in migration?
- 15 A. (Goulding) Yes.
- 16 Q. And, in your May filing, the Energy Service
- 17 rate was projected to be 11.6 cents, is that
- 18 right?
- 19 A. (Goulding) Yes, it was.
- 20 Q. And, in the new filing, it's 11.66 cents?
- 21 A. (Goulding) That's correct.
- 22 Q. But the migration forecast has gone down. So,
- can you explain that?
- 24 A. (Goulding) Okay. So, there's a couple of

- drivers of the increase. The migration did
- 2 have a negative or acted as a reduction in the
- increase. But I'll walk through the primary
- 4 drivers of the increase.
- 5 Q. Can you tell me what you're looking please?
- 6 A. (Goulding) Oh, I just have some notes on what's
- 7 driving the rates.
- 8 Q. Oh. Okay.
- 9 A. (Goulding) So, I have the May 9th cost, and I'm
- 10 comparing them versus the June 16th cost.
- 11 Q. Okay.
- 12 A. (Goulding) So, I have higher actual fossil
- energy costs in April and May, versus the
- forecast in May, of 8.8 million. I had higher
- capacity costs due to lower forecasted
- migration, offset by a decrease in forecasted
- 17 RPS costs.
- 18 Q. Can you say that again?
- 19 A. (Goulding) Higher capacity costs --
- 20 Q. Yes.
- 21 A. (Goulding) -- due to lower forecasted
- 22 migration.
- 23 Q. "Due to lower forecasted migration"?
- 24 A. (Goulding) Yes. Lower forecasted migration.

- 1 Q. Okay.
- 2 A. (Goulding) So, we have lower forecasted
- 3 migration, we would receive --
- 4 Q. So, why would that capacity cost go up?
- 5 A. (White) That's essentially our load obligation
- 6 went up due to lower migration.
- 7 Q. Oh. Okay.
- 8 A. (White) Is that how it works?
- 9 A. (Goulding) Right. So, the credit goes down.
- 10 Q. Yes.
- 11 A. (White) The credit goes down.
- 12 Q. All right.
- 13 A. (White) Exactly.
- 14 A. (Goulding) Higher -- so, slightly higher O&M
- costs in April and May --
- [Court reporter interruption.]
- 17 BY THE WITNESS:
- 18 A. (Goulding) Slightly higher O&M costs of
- 19 \$600,000 in April and May.
- 20 BY CMSR. BAILEY:
- 21 Q. Why was that?
- 22 A. (Goulding) That was primarily driven by some
- depreciation costs and property taxes, the
- 24 actuals versus forecast.

[WITNESS PANEL: Goulding~Ludwig~White]

45

Q. How could you get -- how could that not be forecastable?

1

- 3 (Goulding) The property taxes, they kind of Α. 4 roll in staggered. So, I think they have 5 updated the forecast -- or, the actuals have 6 come in differently than forecast. I think 7 there's a lot of litigation that's going on right now in the different towns. So, 8 9 depending on outcomes of what the litigations 10 is. And then there was depreciation, I think 11 it was driven -- there was primarily an 12 investment that was set to retire by a certain 13 date, I've got preliminary details on it, 14 that's why we -- I don't have a ton of details 15 yet. But there was an investment that was 16 made, but that asset was set to retire in July 17 of 2017. So, it had to be amortized over the 18 shorter -- depreciated over the shorter time 19 frame. So, there's a slight uptick for a 20 couple months. And then it will ratchet back 21 down to kind of where we had forecasted.
- 22 Q. And did you give that information to Staff?
- 23 A. (Goulding) We did not.
- 24 Q. Can you, when you find it?

46 [WITNESS PANEL: Goulding~Ludwig~White]

1 A. (Goulding) Yes.

- 2 Q. All right. Thank you.
- A. (Goulding) And then there was a higher -- a slightly return on rate base due to slightly higher materials and supplies, that was

\$400,000. And then higher forecasted revenues
of \$5.6 million due to lower migration than
forecasted in the May 9th filing.

So, when you combine all the negatives and positives together, we get a change of roughly \$6.8 million.

- 12 Q. So, the primary driver really isn't migration?
- 13 A. (Goulding) Well, the primary driver from the

 14 January rate to the current rate we're

 15 proposing is migration.
- 16 Q. Okay.

9

10

- 17 A. (Goulding) But, between the May filing and the
 18 June filing, it was a multitude of changes,
 19 variable of changes.
- 20 Q. Okay.
- 21 A. (Goulding) And I saw it, at least when I

 22 explained it earlier, and then the questions

 23 started coming to Dan, I could see how they

 24 were -- Mr. Ludwig, I could see how it seemed

1 inconsistent.

- Q. Okay. The return on rate base on the fossil fuel inventory, why is that not an expense?
- (Goulding) The way the accounting treatment is, 4 Α. 5 is that, when you purchase the fuel, we take it 6 into inventory, and then there's a carrying 7 charge, because it goes into rate base, so you earn a return on it -- or, a carrying charge on 8 9 it to hold the inventory. And then, when it's 10 burned, it goes into expense. So, when it's 11 used to produce energy for the customers, it's 12 expensed to the customer.
- Q. And how much is the inventory currently at Merrimack?
- 15 A. (White) I think it's about 630,000 tons,

 16 currently.
- 17 Q. And you're earning a return on that, just holding it there?
- 19 A. (White) There's a carrying charge, yes.
- Q. What motivates you not to keep it at 700,000, if you're going to get a carrying charge on it?
- A. (White) Well, the goal is to have inventory
 on-site, so that, when we are asked to
 generate, we're able to do so. We've been

through a prolonged period of low prices, and could point primarily to the last two winters where the weather was much warmer than normal. So, really, the guidelines around inventory have more to do with minimums than maximum, because you don't want to run out of fuel. And circumstances have driven us to the point where we do have a lot of fuel on-site, more than we would normally have this time of year, for the reasons I just talked about.

So, really, the thinking and the amount of fuel on-site is really driven by operations planning, and anticipating what may be necessary to have, so that we can fulfill our duty in ISO-New England to generate when called upon, when economics drive us to generate.

- Q. So, and for the last two years you've only used 300,000 tons? I think that's what you said, you "burned 300,000 tons". But I'm not sure if you said that for the last two years?
- A. (White) Yes. Excuse me. In 2015, we burned about 340,000 tons; in 2016, 150,000. And I think, if you relate that to the prior three years I spoke of, '12, '13, and '14, where we

burned roughly 500,000 each of those years. And that is even a decrease. If you go back further, we burned over a million tons a year year after year. But, as the market has changed and low price gas has come on the market, you can almost view it as there was a step-down. There's been another step-down in the last couple of years, largely driven by warm winters.

10 Q. But, even in the polar vortex year, you only
11 burned 500,000 you just said?

- A. (White) Right. Because we already had the -the shale gas was coming into the market at
 that time. So, summer generation had decreased
 at that time. Of the 500,000, probably 300
 plus would be burned over December, January,
 and February. So, it really was focused in
 those months. What had changed at that point
 was the summer generation, when peak loads
 occur in New England. But there was so much
 low price gas that there wasn't a lot of
 economic generation out of our coal fleet.
- Q. So, why didn't you reduce the amount of inventory that you kept on-site? Seems like

1 you understood that you didn't need that much?

A. (White) Well, we did. We weren't contracting assuming we were going to burn a million tons a year anymore. We were planning for more in the 500,000, in that range. It just so happens that we didn't have any — two warm winters in a row. If we had had one warm winter, the inventory at Merrimack, it may not be half of what it is, but it would be substantially less than what it is.

When we entered into that contract, the inventory on-site was -- it was either 340 or 370,000 tons. That's about the minimum you want to be heading into a winter season for. Because you better have arrangements to replenish, because, if you don't, you're going to have nothing on the ground when you get to March.

- Q. I understand that. But it sounds like you have twice that much?
- 21 A. (White) Well, because we haven't generated.
- 22 Q. Okay.

A. (White) Really, that's what it comes back to.

We had contracted coal. So, we did continue to

```
1
        take deliveries, even when we weren't burning.
2
        And we've gotten to the point where we
3
        essentially have a full coal yard. But it all
        goes back to we weren't generating in the
4
5
        winter months. We already had contracts in
6
        place. So, that's why coal kept coming. Coal
7
        contracting is typically done over multi-year
        periods. It's not on-demand. They're
8
9
        typically long-term arrangements.
        Do you -- will you have to pay any ACPs this
   Q.
```

- 10 11 year?
- 12 (White) I believe the answer is "yes". I'm not Α. 13 sure I have those details. I could dig around 14 a little bit.
- 15 Well, it sounds like you -- you said that the Q. 16 price of RECs in the market have decreased. 17 Are there --
- 18 Α. (White) You're right. It would only be to the 19 extent that we haven't been able to find 20 supply.
- 21 Okay. So, where are you on the supply end of Q. 22 it right now? Do you know if you've bought 23 your RECs for 2016?
- 24 (White) Well, the 2016 RECs just went through Α.

```
final settlement, on June 15th was the final
trading day for 2016 RECs. And I, honestly, I
don't have the detailed knowledge of final
settlement and whether any ACPs were paid in
that final settlement.
```

Q. Okay.

- A. (White) At this point, for 2017, we have not projected any ACPs. And all the needs have been priced in this rate-setting at those market prices that we talked about earlier.

 So, maybe that's a slight amendment to what I said previously.
- Q. Okay. I think, on Page 14 of the May filing, which would be Exhibit 4, it says that "RPS costs are higher than forecast by \$2.7 million", in the first unfinished paragraph, the carryover paragraph.
- A. (White) I believe that's due to -- it's driven primarily by our Class I position, where we are surplus. And, so, we're actually selling our surplus that have come -- we have acquired through the Burgess and Lempster PPAs at fixed prices, and we're selling those into the market. So, there is a settlement of that.

```
1
         And, when the market prices drop, the value of
 2
         that surplus increases expense essentially.
 3
         And I'm going to say that's the main driver of
         this item, between our December filing and the
 4
 5
         May filing. So, depending on the price changes
 6
         in each class, the other classes, from December
 7
         to the May filing, didn't really change, but
         Class I did decrease.
 8
         Okay. So, you sold them for less than what you
9
    Q.
10
         thought you would sell them for, and that's the
11
         difference?
12
         (White) Correct.
    Α.
13
                   CMSR. BAILEY: Okay. Thank you.
14
         That's all I have.
15
```

BY CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG:

16

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23

- Q. I want to ask a question about the property taxes you mentioned. Is that directly affected by the very recent Supreme Court decision? Is that one of the reasons why that number changed, if you know? And maybe the counsel is better equipped to answer that question than you are.
- (Goulding) I'm not sure if it's incorporated into those numbers.

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1
                   CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Mr. Fossum, do
 2
         you know?
                   MR. FOSSUM: I don't believe that it
 3
              I think that decision was too late to have
 4
         is.
 5
         made an impact on this filing.
                   CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: All right.
 6
 7
         That's the only thing I had.
                   Mr. Fossum, do you any further
 8
         questions for the witnesses?
9
10
                   MR. FOSSUM: I do not.
11
                   CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: All right. I
12
         think you gentlemen can return to your seats.
13
                   I assume there's no objection to
14
         striking ID on the six exhibits that were
15
         introduced, 4 through 9?
16
                         [No verbal response.]
17
                   CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Seeing no
18
         objection, that will be done.
19
                   Exhibit 9 is still being -- is deemed
20
         "confidential" for now, and subject to the
         discussion we had earlier.
21
22
                    Is there anything we need to do
23
         before the Parties sum up?
24
                         [No verbal response.]
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CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: All right. Mr.

Kreis, why don't you begin.

MR. KREIS: Thank you, Mr. Chairman.

Leaving to one side the confidentiality issue that we've been talking about intermittently, the OCA believes that the Commission should approve the Company's Energy Service filing.

Notwithstanding some of the interesting colloquy that various folks have had with the learned witness panel today, we believe it's clear that the Company has adequately and appropriately supported its proposed Energy Service rate with the documentation that demonstrates that the rate is consistent with the public interest and is just and reasonable, and therefore warrants approval.

CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Ms. Amidon.

MS. AMIDON: Thank you. Staff reviewed the filing, and we determined that the Company appropriately calculated the Energy Service rate to take effect for July 1, as represented in its June 16 filing, and that it's just and reasonable within the meaning of RSA 374:2.

1 And just a reminder that, whether it is prudent -- costs are prudent is something 2 that will be determined in a reconciliation 3 4 proceeding to satisfy the requirements of RSA 5 369. 6 Thank you. 7 CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Mr. Fossum. 8 MR. FOSSUM: Thank you. And, once 9 again, I agree with those across the aisle 10 here. That we believe that the record 11 demonstrates that the rate that we have put 12 before you has been adequately and 13 appropriately calculated and supported. 14 And we would ask the Commission 15 approve it in sufficient time to permit it to 16 go into effect on July 1st. 17 CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: All right. 18 Then, we will take this matter under 19 advisement, issue an order as quickly as we 20 can, and end this hearing. 21 (Whereupon the hearing was 22 adjourned at 2:58 p.m.) 23 24